

VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
REVIWED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026

Ha Noi, August 2026

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STATEMENT OF THE MANAGEMENT

The Management of Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company ("the Company") presents this report together with the Company's reviewed interim consolidated financial statements for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE MANAGEMENT

The members of the Board of Directors and the Management who executed the Company during the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026 and to the date of this report are as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Phan Dinh Phong	Chairman
Ms. Le Cam Tu	Independent member
Mr. Vu Thanh Kien	Member
Ms. Nguyen Thi Bich Hang	Member
Mr. Nguyen Viet Hung	Member

THE MANAGEMENT

Mr. Nguyen Tien Dung	General Director - Legal representative
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Hanh	Vice General Director

THE MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The Management of the Company is responsible for preparing the interim consolidated financial statements for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026, which give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Corporation and of its interim consolidated operation results and its interim consolidated cash flows for the period. In preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the Management is required to:

- Comply with Vietnamese accounting standards, corporate accounting system and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements;
- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting principles have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements;
- Design and implement an effective internal control system for the purpose of properly preparing and presenting the interim consolidated financial statements so as to minimize errors and frauds; and
- Prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and that the financial statements comply with Vietnamese accounting standards, corporate accounting system and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements. The Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

The Management confirms that the Company has complied with the above requirements in preparing these interim consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Management,



Nguyen Tien Dung

General Director

Ha Noi, 18 August 2026

No. 179 /2026/BCSX-AVI-TC1

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To: **Shareholders**
The Board of Directors and the Management
Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company ("the Company") prepared on 18 August 2026 as set out from page 05 to 31, which comprise the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the interim consolidated income statement, interim consolidated cash flows statement for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026 and the Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

The Management's Responsibility

The Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese accounting standards, corporate accounting system and the statutory requirements relevant applicable to the preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Review Engagements 2410 – Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of person responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Disclaimer of Conclusion

1. As at 30 June 2026, the Company has a number of receivables from customers and prepayments to sellers that are overdue for more than 3 years (as explained in Note 9 of the Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements). We were unable to obtain appropriate audit evidence to assess the progress of settlement of the related uncompleted projects as well as the value and recoverability of these debts.
2. As at 30 June 2026, the Company continued to carry an entrusted investment with Bac Trung Bo Mineral Investment Joint Stock Company amounting to approximately VND 111.76 billion, comprising principal of VND 91.63 billion and accrued interest of VND 20.14 billion. This balance has been overdue for settlement for several years. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to assess the recoverability of this entrusted investment.
3. The balance of inventories as at 30 June 2026 includes the value of work in progress of a number of projects that have been suspended/waiting for settlement for many years (as explained in Note 11 of the Notes to the interim financial statements). Currently, the Company is working with Investors/Main Contractors to determine the final settlement value of these projects. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidences related to the net realizable value of the costs of unfinished construction project nor can we evaluate the possibility and progress of the finalization settlement of these projects. Therefore, we are unable to determine whether it is necessary to adjust the related figures in the financial statements.

4. During 2025, the Company recognized a gain from the transfer of its capital contribution in the Business Cooperation Contract (BCC) related to the "Mixed-use Commercial, Service, Office and Apartment Building Project - Dong Phat Phan Trong Tue" (where the Company is currently a member of the project's investment consortium) into "Other income", amounting to VND 206,040,315,645, under Principle Transfer Contract No. 2612/2025/HDNTCN/PVCOMBANK-DP-VC39 dated 26 December 2025. However, under the terms of this contract, in the event that the partner is not approved by the competent State authorities to become a member of the investment consortium, the Company must refund the entire amount paid by the partner; simultaneously, the Company is guaranteeing the partner's corresponding loan at the bank. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to evaluate whether the change of consortium members for the project can be approved and whether the basis for recognizing such other income complies with the applicable accounting regulations. This issue will continue to affect the information presented in the interim consolidated financial statements ended 30 June 2026.
5. In determining its corporate income tax liability for 2025, the Company has not fully recognized corporate income tax expense amounting to approximately VND 14.56 billion according to the provisions of Decree 132/2020/ND-CP dated 5 November 2020 of the Government regulating tax management for enterprises with related-party transactions. As at the issuance date of these interim consolidated financial statements, the Company has not recognized the aforementioned tax expense.
6. As stated in Note 4 - Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, as at 30 June 2026, the Group's accumulated losses amounted to VND 352.392 billion, exceeding its charter capital and resulting in a negative equity balance of VND 31.898 billion (as at 31 December 2025, accumulated losses amounted to approximately VND 351.445 billion and negative equity amounted to approximately VND 30.762 billion). In addition, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by VND 59.489 billion, including overdue borrowings of VND 89.447 billion and unpaid bank borrowing interest of VND 296 billion. For the six-month period then ended, the Group incurred a consolidated loss of VND 0.947 billion. The above matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months. The Group's ability to continue as a going concern depends on, among other things, the recovery of outstanding receivables and overdue entrusted investment balances, the timely finalization of construction projects to facilitate the recovery of related receivables, the successful extension or refinancing of borrowings as they fall due, and the Group's ability to generate future profits. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to assess whether the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been appropriately prepared on the going concern basis due to the uncertainties associated with the assumptions described above.

Disclaimer of Conclusion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Conclusion" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide a basis for a conclusion on the Company's interim consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express a conclusion on the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

As stated in Note 23 of the Notes to the Interim consolidated financial statements, the Company does not meet the conditions regarding the equity of a public company as stipulated in the Law on Securities No. 54/2019/QH14 dated 16 November 2019 and Article 1 of Law No. 56/2024/QH15 dated 29 November 2024 amending and supplementing the Law on Securities. The Company is currently carrying out procedures with the State Securities Commission regarding this matter in accordance with the provisions of the Law on Securities.

Our disclaimer of conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.



Nguyễn Thương

Deputy General Director

Audit Practice Registration Certificate

No. 0308-2023-055-1

For and on behalf of

ANVIET AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED

Ha Noi, 18 August 2026

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION
As at 30 June 2026

FORM B 01a - DN/HN
Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		571,293,378,778	576,574,487,467
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	5	2,992,356,189	5,501,488,815
1. Cash	111		2,491,616,463	4,492,118,952
2. Cash equivalents	112		500,739,726	1,009,369,863
II. Short-term financial investments	120		122,556,596,787	118,514,690,187
1. Trading securities	121	10.2	7,916,345,048	7,881,923,720
2. Allowance for decline in value of trading securities	122	10.2	(1,212,382,858)	(1,133,421,554)
3. Short-term held-to-maturity investments	123	10.1	115,852,634,597	111,766,188,021
III. Short-term receivables	130		298,629,347,021	310,590,240,704
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	6	140,849,214,462	156,596,180,335
2. Short-term advances to suppliers	132	7	131,801,547,116	130,414,714,617
3. Other short-term receivables	135	8	34,859,423,805	32,460,184,114
4. Allowance for short-term doubtful debts	136	9	(8,880,838,362)	(8,880,838,362)
IV. Inventories	140		146,638,443,983	141,295,897,033
1. Inventories	141	11	146,638,443,983	141,295,897,033
V. Other current assets	160		476,634,798	672,170,728
1. Value added tax deductibles	162		476,634,798	672,170,728
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		68,161,607,069	73,004,630,430
I. Fixed assets	220		569,623,897	2,303,909,689
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	13	569,623,897	2,303,909,689
- Cost	222		7,771,663,172	56,813,928,820
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(7,202,039,275)	(54,510,019,131)
2. Intangible fixed assets	227		-	-
- Cost	228		141,555,000	141,555,000
- Accumulated amortization	229		(141,555,000)	(141,555,000)
II. Investment property	240	14	27,240,421,168	28,201,404,592
- Cost	241		46,802,796,144	46,802,796,144
- Accumulated depreciation	242		(19,562,374,976)	(18,601,391,552)
III. Long-term assets in progress	250		12,028,218,927	12,028,218,927
1. Construction in progress	252	15	12,028,218,927	12,028,218,927
IV. Long-term financial investments	260		30,000,000	30,000,000
1. Investments in other entities	263		30,000,000	30,000,000
V. Other long-term assets	270		28,293,343,077	30,441,097,222
1. Long-term deferred expenses	271	12	28,150,683,089	30,285,054,613
2. Deferred tax assets	272		142,659,988	156,042,609
TOTAL ASSETS	280		639,454,985,847	649,579,117,897

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)
As at 30 June 2026

FORM B 01a - DN/HN
Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
C. LIABILITIES	300		671,353,229,398	680,342,067,942
I. Current liabilities	310		630,783,339,524	637,195,768,276
1. Short-term trade payables	311	16	136,155,638,219	136,560,672,749
2. Short-term advance from customers	312	17	81,040,479,492	82,460,265,768
3. Dividend and profit payables	313		4,742,151,000	4,742,151,000
4. Short-term taxes and other payables to the State budget	314	18	3,655,183,485	6,179,650,273
5. Payables to employees	315		2,339,523,472	2,207,375,915
6. Short-term accrued expenses	316	19	296,117,254,304	295,266,681,797
7. Short-term unearned revenues	319		133,897,105	133,248,054
8. Other short-term payables	320	20	16,464,262,334	16,365,260,487
9. Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	321	22	89,447,303,126	92,592,815,246
10. Bonus and welfare funds	323		687,646,987	687,646,987
II. Long-term liabilities	330		40,569,889,874	43,146,299,666
1. Long-term unearned revenues	337	21	32,193,669,874	34,746,079,666
2. Other long-term payables	338	20	644,220,000	668,220,000
3. Deferred tax liabilities	342		7,732,000,000	7,732,000,000
D. EQUITY	400	23	(31,898,243,551)	(30,762,950,045)
1. Owners' contributed capital	411		300,000,000,000	300,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		300,000,000,000	300,000,000,000
2. Share premium	412		15,069,800,000	15,069,800,000
3. Investment and development fund	418		4,527,319,614	4,527,319,614
4. Other funds belonging to owners' equity	419		1,123,204,630	1,123,204,630
5. Retained earnings	420		(352,392,660,081)	(351,445,267,050)
- Retained earnings accumulated to the prior year end	420a		(351,445,267,050)	(453,750,318,757)
- Retained earnings of the current period	420b		(947,393,031)	102,305,051,707
6. Non-controlling interests	429		(225,907,714)	(38,007,239)
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		639,454,985,847	649,579,117,897

Approved, 18 August 2026

Preparer



Pham Thanh Thuy

Chief Accountant



Le Thi Thu Huong

General Director



Nguyen Tien Dung

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT
For the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026

FORM B 02a - DN/HN
Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	Current period	Prior period
1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered	01	24	9,416,643,144	8,315,493,307
2. Deductions	02		-	-
3. Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered	10		9,416,643,144	8,315,493,307
4. Cost of sales	11	25	7,431,787,283	7,121,990,100
5. Gross profit from goods sold and services rendered	20		1,984,855,861	1,193,503,207
6. Gain/(loss) from disposal of investment property	21		-	-
7. Financial income	22	26	364,735,464	13,673,760
8. Financial expenses	23	27	1,310,031,459	13,531,043,636
- Of which: Borrowing costs	24		1,230,202,696	13,212,710,421
9. Selling expenses	25		7,912,785	-
10. General and administration expenses	26	28	2,928,446,526	2,500,151,457
11. Share of profit or loss of joint ventures and associates	27		-	-
12. Operating profit	30		(1,896,799,445)	(14,824,018,126)
13. Other income	31	29	954,889,512	-
14. Other expenses	32	30	180,000,952	66,542,817,337
15. Profit from other activities	40		774,888,560	(66,542,817,337)
16. Profit before tax	50		(1,121,910,885)	(81,366,835,463)
17. Current corporate income tax expense	51		-	-
18. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		13,382,621	1,130,985,477
19. Net profit after corporate income tax	60		(1,135,293,506)	(82,497,820,940)
20. Profit or loss after tax attributable to owners of the parent	61		(947,393,031)	(80,858,735,030)
21. Profit or loss after tax attributable to non-controlling interests	62		(187,900,475)	(1,639,085,910)
22. Basic earnings per share	70	31	(32)	(2,695)

Approved, 18 August 2026

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director



Pham Thanh Thuy



Le Thi Thu Huong



The stamp is a red circular seal of VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY. It contains the text: "M.S.D.N.: 010214123", "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN VINACONEX 39", and "P. NGHĨA ĐỒ, TP. HÀ NỘI".

Nguyen Tien Dung

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026

FORM B 03a - DN/HN

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Codes	Current period	Prior period
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
1. Profit before tax	01	(1,121,910,885)	(81,366,835,463)
2. Adjustment for			
- Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	02	1,093,350,210	1,120,985,328
- Allowances and provisions	03	78,961,304	(24,539,104)
- Unrealised foreign exchanges	04	(42,937,392)	342,741,993
- Gain/Loss from investing activities	05	(1,272,989,804)	(13,673,760)
- Interest expenses	06	1,230,202,696	13,212,710,421
3. Operating profit before movements in working capital	08	(35,323,871)	(66,728,610,585)
- Increase, decrease in receivables	09	12,329,185,948	2,122,819,482
- Increase, decrease in inventory	10	(5,342,546,950)	10,668,667,940
- Increase, decrease in payables (exclude interest expenses, CIT)	11	(4,036,124,380)	52,976,631,761
- Increase, decrease in prepayments and others	12	2,134,371,524	2,123,623,469
- Increase, decrease trading securities	13	(34,421,328)	-
- Corporate income tax paid	15	(3,007,849,969)	-
Net cash from operating activities	20	2,007,290,974	1,163,132,067
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
1. Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	2,407,407,407	-
2. Cash outflow for lending, buying debt intrusments of other entities	23	(6,500,000,000)	(1,000,000,000)
3. Cash recoverd from lending, selling debt intrusments of other entities	24	2,500,000,000	-
4. Interest earned, dividend and profit received	27	221,681,113	2,472,663
Net cash from investing activities	30	(1,370,911,480)	(997,527,337)
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
1. Proceeds from borrowings	33	49,582,910	-
2. Repayments of borrowings	34	(3,195,095,030)	-
Net cash from financing activities	40	(3,145,512,120)	-
Net decrease in cash during the period	50	(2,509,132,626)	165,604,730
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	60	5,501,488,815	552,695,210
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	70	2,992,356,189	718,299,940

Approved, 18 August 2026

Preparer

Chief Accountant

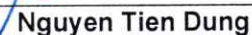
General Director



Pham Thanh Thuy



Le Thi Thu Huong

Nguyen Tien Dung

1. GENERAL INFORMATION**1.1. Structure of ownership**

Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company ("the Company") was renamed from Vinaconex - PVC Construction Investment Joint Stock Company. The Company operated under the Business registration certificate No. 0103015409 by Ha Noi City Department of Planning and Investment for the first time on 15 January 2007, and last amended on 22 June 2022.

The Company chartered capital is VND 300,000,000,000 equivalent to 30,000,000 shares, par value of 10,000 VND/share.

The Company's shares were listed on the UPCOM market with stock code of PVV.

The number of employees as at 30 June 2026 was 46 (as at 31 December 2025: 35).

1.2. Business Fields: Construction and engineering installation, real estate trading.**1.3. Business industry and principal activities**

- Construction of civil works, transportation, irrigation, electrical works up to 35KV, interior and exterior decoration of works;
- Leveling and treating construction foundations;
- Production, assembly, purchase and sale of automobiles, machinery, equipment and spare parts;
- Production, assembly and sale of tools, equipment, support and rescue equipment;
- Transporting goods, transporting passengers by car, car rental;
- Planting and selling trees;
- Car repair and maintenance services;
- Production, purchase, sale and rental of machinery, equipment, materials and materials for the construction industry;
- Real estate business; restaurant business.

1.4. Normal production and business cycle

The Company's normal production and business cycle is carry out for a time period of 12 months or less.

1.5. Company structure

The Company's head office is located at 1 floor, CT2A Tower, Co Nhue new urban area, Nghia Do Ward, Ha Noi. The Company have 01 subsidiary as follow:

Name of subsidiary	Location	Contributed capital as at 30 June 2026	Ownership interest
PVV Industrial Civil Construction Joint Stock Company	CT2A Tower, Co Nhue new urban area, Nghia Do Ward, Ha Noi.	38,660,000,000	77.32%

2. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

The Company's fiscal year begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

The interim consolidated financial statements for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026 are prepared in accordance with Vietnam Accounting Standard No. 27 - Interim Financial Statements and Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated 16 November 2020 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the disclosure of information on the securities market.

The monetary unit used in accounting period: Vietnam Dong (VND).

3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING SYSTEM APPLIED

The consolidated financial statements are expressed in Vietnam Dong (VND) and prepared under the accounting principles in conformity with the Corporate accounting system in pursuance of Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 and Circular No. 43/2026/TT-BTC dated 20 April 2026 issued by the Ministry of Finance, Vietnamese Accounting Standards and legal regulations relating to consolidated financial reporting.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted for the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

4.1. Basis of preparation of interim consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2024. This control is achieved when the Company has the ability to govern the financial and operating policies of investee companies in order to obtain benefits from the activities of these companies. The business results of the subsidiary are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date the parent company takes control of the subsidiary and ends on the date the parent company actually terminates control of the subsidiary.

The interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary used for consolidation are prepared for the same accounting period and apply uniform accounting policies for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Where the accounting policies adopted by a subsidiary differ from those applied consistently by the Company, appropriate adjustments are made to the subsidiary's financial statements before they are used in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements.

Transactions and balances arising from transactions between companies within the Company are eliminated in their entirety when consolidating the financial statements.

Non-controlling shareholder interests are presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet as a separate item under the equity section. The value of non-controlling shareholder interests in the net assets of the consolidated subsidiaries includes: non-controlling shareholder interests at the acquisition date are determined according to the fair value of the subsidiary's net assets at date of purchase; Non-controlling shareholders' interests in the fluctuations in total equity from the date of acquisition to the beginning of the reporting period and non-controlling shareholders' interests in the fluctuations in total equity arising during the period report. The ownership portion of non-controlling shareholders in the Consolidated Income Statement is also presented as a separate item.

4.2. Assessment of the Company's ability to operate continuously

The Company's consolidated financial statements for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026 were prepared based in the assumption of going concern even though the Company continued to encounter financial difficulties, are as follow: as at 30 June 2026, the Company had accumulated losses of VND 352.392 billion, exceeding its charter capital and resulting in negative equity of VND 31.898 billion (as at 31 December 2025, accumulated losses amounted to approximately VND 351.445 billion and negative equity amounted to approximately VND 30.762 billion). In addition, the current liabilities exceeded its current assets by VND 59.489 billion, including overdue borrowings of VND 89.229 billion and unpaid borrowing interest of VND 296.006 billion. For the current period, the Company incurred a consolidated loss of approximately VND 0.947 billion. The above factors have raised doubts about the Company's ability to continuously operate in the next 12 months. The Company's ability to continuously operate depends on the recovery of receivables, overdue investments and settlement of unfinished projects for debt recovery, the ability to to continue to successfully extend due loans and the generation of profits. The Board of Directors and the Management commit to continue efforts to extend due debts; implement new investment project, construction projects; recovery of receivables and urge the settlement of unfinished projects to ensure continuous operation of the Company in the coming time. On this basis, the Management believes that preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate.

4.3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, corporate accounting system and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. These accounting estimates are based on the management's best knowledge, however actual results may differ from those estimates.

4.4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash reflects the full existing amount of the Company at the end of the accounting period, comprising cash on hand, demand deposits and cash in transit.

Cash equivalents include short-term investments with maturity less than 03 months since the date of investment, which can be converted easily into a certain amount of cash without any risk in conversion into cash at the reporting date and recorded following Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 24 - Cash flow statement.

4.5. Receivables and provision for doubtful debts

Receivables are monitored detailed under the original terms, remaining terms at the reporting date, the receivable objects, receivable foreign currencies and other factors for the Company's management purpose. The classification of receivables comprised of trade receivables, and other receivables shall comply with the principles:

- Trade receivables include commercial receivables incurred from purchase-sale transactions, including receivables from sale of exported goods under the trust for the other entities;
- Other receivables include non-commercial or non-trading receivables, including: receivables from loan interests, deposit interests, amount paid on behalf of another party; receivables which the export trustor must collect from the trustee; receivables from penalties, compensation; advances; pledges, collaterals, deposits, assets lending,....

The company bases on the remaining term at the reporting date receivables to classify as long-term or short-term.

Receivables are recognised not exceeding the recoverable value. Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue for six months or more, or when the debtor is in difficulty of solvency due to dissolution, bankruptcy, or similar difficulties in accordance with the prevailing corporate accounting system.

4.6. Inventories

Inventory is valued at cost; however, if the cost is greater than the net realizable value, the inventory is valued at its net realizable value. Cost comprises purchase price, processing cost and other direct attributable expenses that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Inventory is determined using weighted average methods and are recorded by perpetual method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Work in progress includes costs for construction activities that have not been completed and accepted for payment at the end of the period. The value of work in progress is determined corresponding to the cost of direct materials; direct labor costs; costs of using construction machinery; general production costs and subcontracting costs incurred but not yet accepted by the investor.

The evaluation of necessary provision for inventory obsolescence follows current prevailing accounting regulations which have costs higher than net realisable values as at the balance sheet date.

4.7. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are presented at their original cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of tangible fixed assets is determined on a historical cost basis.

The costs of tangible fixed assets comprise their purchase prices and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working conditions and locations for their intended use. The cost of self-made and self-constructed tangible fixed assets comprise construction costs, actually incurred manufacturing costs plus installation and testing costs.

Costs incurred after initial recognition are recorded as increase in the historical cost of assets if they actually improve the current status in comparison with the initial standard status of the assets, such as:

- Parts of the tangible fixed asset are modified to extend their useful life or to increase their capacity; or
- Parts of the tangible fixed asset are upgraded to significantly increase product quality; or
- New technology process is applied to reduce operation expenses of the assets.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method, whereby depreciation is calculated by allocating the cost of an asset over its estimated useful life, in accordance with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25 April 2013 issued by the Ministry of Finance. The estimated useful lives of the major categories of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Machinery and equipment	05 - 20
Transportation vehicles	06 - 10
Office equipment	03 - 07
Other fixed assets	07

4.8. Investment properties

Investment properties include buildings and structure and other assets under the owner of the Company used for achieving benefits in renting or waiting for increase in price.

Investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation/devaluation loss. The cost of an investment property is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of other considerations given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or construction completion of investment properties.

Costs incurred after initial recognition are recorded in operation expenses, except these expenses is sure to make the investment properties create more future economics than the initial evaluation operation of the assets, for this case these expenses will be recorded as increase in the historical cost.

Investment properties for rent are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives in accordance with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25 April 2013 of the Ministry of Finance. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	<u>Year</u>
Building and structure	20 - 25
Other assets	05

4.9. Construction in progress

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental and administrative purposes or for other purposes are carried at cost. Cost are necessary to form the assets including construction cost, equipment cost, other directly attributable costs in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets is applied the same as other assets, starting when they are put into use.

4.10. Deferred expenses

Deferred expenses comprise actual costs incurred that are attributable to the operating results of multiple accounting periods. Long-term deferred expenses are including office rental, Vinaconex franchise brand,...

- Office rental expense for office space located on the 12th Floor, Vinaconex 9 Building, Pham Hung Street, Tu Liem ward, Hanoi is allocated to operating expenses over the lease term of 46 years.

- The cost of acquiring the rights to use the Vinaconex trademarks is allocated to operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the 20-year contractual transfer period.
- Prepaid costs of the Communist Review project are allocated using the straight-line method over a operating period - 20 year.

4.11. Financial investments

Trading securities

Trading securities are securities held by the Company for trading purposes. Trading securities are initially recognized at cost. The cost of trading securities is determined based on the fair value of the consideration paid at the transaction date. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of trading securities, including brokerage fees, transaction fees, information service charges, taxes and bank charges (if any), are recognized as finance expenses in the period incurred.

Dividends from periods prior to the purchase of trading securities are recorded as a reduction in the investment value. Dividends distributed for the period after the date the trading securities are purchased are recognized as financial income.

Allowance for diminution in the value of trading securities is recognized for the amount by which the cost of the securities exceeds their market value.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments represent investments that the Company has the intention and ability to hold until maturity, with remaining maturities of not more than 12 months (short-term) or more than 12 months (long-term) from the reporting date (excluding trading securities). These investments include loans held to maturity for the purpose of earning periodic interest income and other held-to-maturity investments or investments of a similar nature. They exclude derivative financial instruments and amounts presented under Cash equivalents.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost, comprising the purchase price and directly attributable transaction costs, such as brokerage fees, transaction fees, advisory fees, taxes, duties and bank charges. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are measured at their recoverable amount.

Interest income earned after the acquisition date of held-to-maturity investments, together with gains arising from the disposal or settlement of such investments, is recognized as finance income. Interest accrued prior to the acquisition date is deducted from the cost of the investment upon initial recognition.

The Company classifies held-to-maturity investments as either current or non-current based on their remaining maturities as of the reporting date.

Where there is objective evidence that part or all of a held-to-maturity investment may not be recoverable and the amount of the loss can be measured reliably, the impairment loss is recognized in finance expenses for the year and deducted directly from the carrying amount of the investment. Allowances for held-to-maturity investments that are similar in nature to doubtful receivables are determined on the same basis as the allowance for doubtful receivables described in Note 4.3.

Investment in other companies

Is the investments in equity instruments but the Company does not have right to control, joint-control or significant influence on the investee.

The investment in other entities shall be recorded at cost, including purchase price or capital contribution plus (+) directly-attributable expenses (if any), such as transactions, brokerage, consultancy, auditing, fees, taxes and bank charges, etc. In the case of a non-monetary asset is invested, the cost of the investment shall be recorded according to the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the incurring time.

Dividends and profits from previous periods before the investments are purchased are recorded as the decrease in value of such investments. Dividends and profits of the period after the investments are

purchased are recognized as revenues from financial activities according to the fair value at the date of receiving rights, particularly for dividends received by shares, the Company only track the number of shares increased in the notes to the financial statements, not recorded as increase in the value of investments and income from financial activities.

Allowance for long term investments impairment loss

Allowance for loss of other capital contributed investments is the greater difference between the historical cost and the market value of the investment or the Company's ownership of the actual equity of the investee. Provision for losses for investments set aside in accordance with the current corporate accounting system.

4.12. Payables

The payables are monitored detailed under the original terms, the remaining terms at the reporting date, the payable objects, type of payables denominated in foreign currency and other factors according to the Company's management purpose. The classification of payables such as trade payables, other payables must be implemented the following principles:

- Trade payables include commercial payables incurred from purchase-sale transactions, including payables when imported goods under the trust;
- Other payables include non-commercial or non-trading payables, including: payables for loan interest, dividend and earning payables; payables for financial investments; amount paid for the third party; amount which the truster receives from relevant parties to pay under the entrusted import-export transactions; asset borrowings; payables for penalties, compensation; surplus assets without reason; payables for social insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, trade union; collaterals, deposits received, etc.

The company bases on the remaining terms of payables at the reporting date to classify as long-term or short-term.

The payables are recorded not less than the payment obligations. In the case of there is evidence that a loss likely occurs, the Company recognizes immediately a payable under the precautionary principle.

4.13. Loans and finance lease liabilities

The loans and finance lease liabilities include loans and capital loans by way of regular bond issuance (without conversion rights).

The loans and finance lease liabilities are monitored detailed for each loan object, loan agreement, and loan asset; for the term of loan and finance lease liabilities and type of foreign currency (if any). The loans and finance lease liabilities with the remaining term more than 12 months from the reporting date are presented as long-term loans and finance lease liabilities. The due loans and finance lease liabilities within the next 12 months from the reporting date are presented as short-term loans and finance lease liabilities.

4.14. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interests and other costs incurred directly related to the loans.

Borrowing cost is charged to operation expenses during the period when incurred, except for borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction or production of qualifying assets with appropriate time (more than 12 months) to put into use for the intended purposes or sales, which recorded in value of capitalized assets whether it is subject to the fulfillment of certain conditions of Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 16 - Borrowing cost. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of fixed assets, investment properties can be capitalized even though the construction is less than 12 months.

For the general loans using for purposes of the construction or production of qualifying assets, the borrowing costs are capitalized by capitalization percentage of accumulative weighted average expenses for the construction or production of such assets.

The capitalization rate is calculated by the weighted average interest rate of outstanding loans during the period, except special loans serving the purpose of a specific asset.

4.15. Revenue recognition

Revenue from the services rendered can be measured reliably when all following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably. When the contracts define that the customers are entitled to return service purchased under specific conditions, the Company shall only record revenue if such specific conditions do not exist and the customers are not entitled to return services provided;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from construction contracts: the Company recognizes construction contract revenue when to make payments according to the value of performed work volume, when the outcome of the construction contracts can be estimated reliably and confirmed by clients, the revenues and costs related to such contract shall be recognized by reference to the completed work volume certified by the customers in the period and reflected in the billed invoices.

Revenue from property operating lease: revenue is recognized on a straight-line method over the lease term. Rentals received in advance of several periods are allocated to revenue consistent with the lease term.

Financial income comprises deposit interest; gains from trading securities; dividends paid, profits distributed; gains from foreign exchange differences...

Other income reflects income arising from events or transactions that are from the business operations of the Company, in addition to the above revenues.

4.16. Cost of sales

Cost of goods sold is recognized based on actual expenses incurred in line with revenue, including: the cost of services rendered; the production cost of construction products sold during the period and allowance for inventory devaluation.

4.17. Financial expenses

Financial expenses include:

- Borrowing costs, including interest expenses recognized based on the loan balance and actual interest rates for each period, and other expenses directly related to the loan (excluding capitalized borrowing costs).
- Exchange rate differences reflecting actual exchange rate losses incurred during the period from transactions denominated in foreign currency and exchange rate losses from the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the reporting date.
- Allowance for impairment of trading securities and investment losses established as prescribed in Note 4.11.

4.18. General and administrative expenses

General and administration expenses reflect the general management costs of the Company incurred during the accounting period, including: costs of salaries for business management staff (salaries, wages, allowances, etc.); union fees, social insurance, health insurance, and unemployment insurance for business management staff; office supplies and tools; depreciation of fixed assets used for business management; land rent; allowance for doubtful receivables; outsourced services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, property insurance, fire insurance, etc.); and other cash expenses.

4.19. Taxation

Corporate income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax.

Current corporate income tax expense includes current corporate income tax expense as stipulated by the Corporate income tax law.

Deferred income tax is calculated on the differences between the book value and tax basis of asset or liability items on the financial statements, tax losses, and unused tax credits. Deferred income tax liabilities must be recognized for all temporary differences; for deferred income tax assets, they are only recognized when there is certainty that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to offset these temporary differences.

Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rate expected to apply in the year in which the asset is recovered or the liability is settled. Deferred income tax is recognized in the statement of income unless that tax relates to items directly recorded in equity, in which case the deferred income tax is also directly recorded in equity.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset when the Company has a legal right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities relate to corporate income tax administered by the same tax authority and the Company intends to pay current income tax on a net basis.

Taxable income may differ from the total accounting profit before tax presented in the income statement because taxable income excludes taxable income or expenses deductible in other years (including carry-forward losses, if any) and also excludes non-taxable or non-deductible items.

The company has not recognized deferred income tax assets arising from taxable losses due to uncertainty about future profits.

The determination of the Company's tax obligations is based on current tax regulations. However, these regulations change periodically, and the determination of tax obligations depends on the results of an audit by the competent tax authority.

4.20. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or have significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating policy decisions, or when the Company and the other party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties can be organizations or individuals, including close family members of individuals considered related.

Information for related parties is presented in Note 32.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Cash on hand	90,156,877	74,901,626
Cash in bank	2,401,459,586	4,417,217,326
- Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank	2,346,455,719	4,382,127,491
- Others	55,003,867	35,089,835
Cash equivalents (*)	500,739,726	1,009,369,863
Total	2,992,356,189	5,501,488,815

(*) This is a 3-month term deposit at Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank with an interest rate of 4.5% per annum.

6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Carrying amount	Allowance	Carrying amount	Allowance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Thanh Hoa Petroleum Construction JSC	50,551,642,770	-	50,551,642,770	-
PVV Investment and Materials JSC	35,735,539,209	-	36,090,164,131	-
PetroVietnam Construction JSC	13,761,788,249	-	13,810,379,118	-
Nam Cuong Group JSC	11,236,825,005	-	13,752,381,005	-
Vietnam Public Joint Stock Commercial Bank	-	-	11,814,351,001	-
Others	29,563,419,229	(323,201,000)	30,577,262,310	(323,201,000)
Total	140,849,214,462	(323,201,000)	156,596,180,335	(323,201,000)

VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements
7. SHORT-TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Carrying amount	Allowance	Carrying amount	Allowance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
PVV Sai Gon Construction Investment JSC	9,033,537,664	-	9,033,537,664	-
Mr. Tran Van Ngoc	8,804,131,209	-	8,804,131,209	-
Mr. Ung Minh Dong	7,800,000,000	-	7,800,000,000	-
Mr. Nguyen Quoc Thang	7,078,058,755	-	7,078,058,755	-
Mr. Ho Quang Thai	6,866,372,082	-	6,866,372,082	-
Ms. Nguyen Thai Hien	5,835,610,592	-	5,835,610,592	-
Engineering Construction and Trading Development No 689 JSC	5,125,800,820	-	5,125,800,820	-
- National No.3 project				
Mr. Do Minh Duc	5,340,476,048	-	5,340,476,048	-
Mr. Nguyen Viet Dung	5,616,514,662	-	5,616,514,662	-
PVV Investment and Materials JSC	4,298,046,763	-		-
Others	66,002,998,521	-	68,914,212,785	-
Total	131,801,547,116	-	130,414,714,617	-

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Carrying amount	Allowance	Carrying amount	Allowance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Advances to employee	7,922,904,970	-	5,628,831,213	
Mortgage, collaterals and deposits	5,000,000,000	-	5,000,000,000	
Receivables from dividends	3,330,000,000	(3,330,000,000)	3,330,000,000	(3,330,000,000)
apartments	6,579,572,008	-	6,579,572,008	
Others	12,026,946,827	(1,530,638,459)	11,921,780,893	(1,530,638,459)
Total	34,859,423,805	(4,860,638,459)	32,460,184,114	(4,860,638,459)

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9. BAD DEBTS

30/06/2026				01/01/2026			
Overdue	Historical cost	Recoverable amount	Allowance	Overdue	Historical cost	Recoverable amount	Allowance
Year	VND	VND	VND	Year	VND	VND	VND
Short-term trade receivable	128,622,402,927	124,602,203,024	(4,020,199,903)		135,529,777,849	131,509,577,946	(4,020,199,903)
Thanh Hoa Petroleum Construction JSC	> 3 years 50,551,642,770	50,551,642,770	-	> 3 years 50,551,642,770	50,551,642,770		-
PVV Investment and Materials JSC	> 3 years 35,735,539,209	35,735,539,209	-	> 3 years 36,090,164,131	36,090,164,131		-
Nam Cuong Group JSC	> 3 years 9,552,381,005	9,552,381,005	-	> 3 years 17,020,044,627	17,020,044,627		-
Others	> 3 years 32,782,839,943	28,762,640,040	(4,020,199,903)	> 3 years 31,867,926,321	27,847,726,418	(4,020,199,903)	
Short-term prepayment to suppliers	130,203,865,817	130,203,865,817	-		129,198,723,117	129,198,723,117	-
Advances to construction teams	> 3 years 76,960,625,546	76,960,625,546	-	> 3 years 76,242,779,117	76,242,779,117		-
PVV Sai Gon Construction Investment JSC	> 3 years 9,033,537,664	9,033,537,664	-	> 3 years 9,033,537,664	9,033,537,664		-
PVV Investment and Materials JSC	> 3 years 4,298,046,763	4,298,046,763	-	> 3 years 4,298,046,763	4,298,046,763		-
Others	> 3 years 39,911,655,844	39,911,655,844	-	> 3 years 39,624,359,573	39,624,359,573		-
Other short-term receivables	9,584,871,176	4,724,232,717	(4,860,638,459)		10,727,758,842	5,867,120,383	(4,860,638,459)
PVV Investment and Materials JSC	> 3 years 4,860,638,459	-	(4,860,638,459)	> 3 years 4,860,638,459	-	(4,860,638,459)	
Others	> 3 years 4,724,232,717	4,724,232,717	-	> 3 years 5,867,120,383	5,867,120,383		-
Advances to employee	> 3 years 2,471,408,423	2,471,408,423	-	> 3 years 2,471,408,423	2,471,408,423	-	
Total	270,882,548,343	262,001,709,981	(8,880,838,362)		277,927,668,231	269,046,829,869	(8,880,838,362)

VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
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These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements
Movements in provision for doubtful debts during the period

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
Opening balance	(8,880,838,362)	(8,880,838,362)
Additional provision	-	-
Reversal of provision	-	-
Closing balance	<u>(8,880,838,362)</u>	<u>(8,880,838,362)</u>
<i>In which:</i>		
- Trade receivables	(4,020,199,903)	(4,020,199,903)
- Other receivables	(4,860,638,459)	(4,860,638,459)

As at 30 June 2026, receivables outstanding for more than three years mainly relate to construction projects that have been suspended for an extended period and have not yet been finalized, including receivables from Nam Cuong Group Joint Stock Company, Thanh Hoa Petroleum Construction Joint Stock Company, Vietnam Petroleum Construction Joint Stock Corporation,... Most of these receivables have not been reconciled with the respective counterparties and have been overdue for settlement for several years. The related debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulties, have limited repayment capacity and, in some cases, may cease operations. The Company continues to monitor, analyze and assess the recoverability of these overdue receivables and recognizes an allowance for doubtful receivables for balances assessed as unrecoverable.

10. FINANCIAL INVESTMENT
10.1. Short-term held-to-maturity investments

	<u>30/06/2026</u>			<u>01/01/2026</u>		
	<u>Historical cost</u>	<u>Recoverable amount</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Historical cost</u>	<u>Recoverable amount</u>	<u>Allowance</u>
	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>	<u>VND</u>
Bac Trung Bo Minerals Investment JSC (i)	111,766,188,021	111,766,188,021	-	111,766,188,021	111,766,188,021	-
Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Hoang Quoc Viet Transaction Office (ii)	4,086,446,576	4,086,446,576	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>115,852,634,597</u>	<u>115,852,634,597</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>111,766,188,021</u>	<u>111,766,188,021</u>	<u>-</u>

- (i) This represents a receivable from Bac Trung Bo Mineral Investment Joint Stock Company under the entrusted investment agreement No. 3010/2013/UTQLV/FIT dated 30 October 2013 and the tripartite agreement No. 01-1111/TT/FIT-KSBTB dated 11 November 2013 entered into by F.I.T Investment Joint Stock Company,

VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
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These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements

Vinaconex - PVC Construction Investment Joint Stock Company (currently Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company) and Bac Trung Bo Mineral Investment Joint Stock Company. Under these agreements, Bac Trung Bo Mineral Investment Joint Stock Company is required to pay the Company a return on the entrusted investment calculated at the State Bank of Vietnam's base interest rate plus a margin of 0.5%. As of the reporting date, the agreement has expired; however, the Company has not yet recovered the entrusted investment amount.

(ii) This represents six-month term savings deposit with interest rates ranging from 5.5% to 7.8% per annum at Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank.

10.2. Trading securities

	30/06/2026			01/01/2026		
	Historical cost	Fair value	Allowance	Historical cost	Fair value	Allowance
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
PetroVietnam Construction JSC (PVX)	1,163,492,000	192,181,520	(971,310,480)	1,163,492,000	194,844,276	(968,647,724)
VNECO4 Electricity Construction JSC (VE4)	6,011,675,670	20,124,000,000	-	6,011,675,670	20,124,000,000	-
Thanh Tri Garment JSC (TTG)	-	-	-	12,232,220	14,231,100	-
Ho Chi Minh City Infrastructure Investment JSC (CII)	150,150,000	87,000,000	(63,150,000)	150,150,000	104,500,000	(45,650,000)
Dat Xanh Group Joint Stock Company (DXG)	113,363,250	72,105,000	(41,258,250)	113,363,250	85,500,000	(27,863,250)
Saigon – Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank (SHB)	194,031,350	149,050,000	(44,981,350)	181,531,350	163,500,000	(18,031,350)
VIX Securities Joint Stock Company (VIX)	191,310,155	135,200,000	(56,110,155)	155,310,155	112,500,000	(42,810,155)
Hoang Huy Investment Services JSC (HHS)	92,322,623	56,750,000	(35,572,623)	94,169,075	63,750,000	(30,419,075)
Cộng	7,916,345,048	20,816,286,520	(1,212,382,858)	7,881,923,720	20,862,825,376	(1,133,421,554)

Movements in provision for financial investments

	Current period	Prior period
	VND	VND
Opening balance	(1,133,421,554)	(1,003,670,508)
Additional provision	(173,482,628)	(17,346,608)
Reversal of provision	94,521,324	41,885,712
Closing balance	(1,212,382,858)	(979,131,404)

11. INVENTORIES

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Historical cost	Allowance	Historical cost	Allowance
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Raw materials	215,567,200	-	293,859,200	-
Work in process (*)	146,422,876,783	-	141,002,037,833	-
Total	146,638,443,983	-	141,295,897,033	-

(*) Details of work in progress by project:

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Ethanol fuel factory project in Phu Tho province	16,451,582,866	16,451,582,866
Lam Kinh Hotel project in Thanh Hoa province	31,667,902,478	31,667,902,478
Thai Binh Port project	8,559,571,005	8,500,793,987
Vung Ang Thermal Power project	28,049,853,401	28,049,853,401
Road to the Thai Binh Power Center project	8,488,669,000	8,488,669,000
24 Nghi Son villas project in Thanh Hoa province	6,525,439,551	6,525,439,551
Dinh Vu Fiber Plant, Hai Phong	7,658,732,713	7,658,732,713
Nacimex Hotel, Nam Dinh	7,192,106,928	7,192,106,928
Viet Duc Hospital project	6,445,811,610	-
Others	25,383,207,231	26,466,956,909
Total	146,422,876,783	141,002,037,833

Some projects such as the Lam Kinh hotel project, the 24 Nghi Son villas in Thanh Hoa province, the road project to Thai Binh Power Center... are temporarily suspended/awaiting settlement related to Vietnam Petroleum Construction Corporation (PVC) as the main contractor, projects related to member units of Vietnam National Oil and Gas Group with a total amount VND 110.05 billion and other projects with amount VND 21.36 billion. The Board of Directors and Board of Management continue to work with partners and investors to complete unfinished items and finalize the completed value in the near future.

12. LONG-TERM DEFERRED EXPENSES

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Investment cost of the Communist Review project (*)	19,930,612,273	21,800,261,626
Office rental fee	6,814,946,494	6,927,654,034
Vinaconex franchise brand	815,342,467	965,342,467
Others	589,781,855	591,796,486
Total	28,150,683,089	30,285,054,613

(*) Investment cost of the Communist Review project according to the Business Cooperation Contract with the Communist Review, the two parties cooperate in the form of the Company constructing a building at the Southern Communist Magazine Office and are allowed to do business within 20 years (after handing over a basement and one floor to the Communist Review). After the construction project was completed, the Company leased it back to another partner for a period of 20 years and recorded the construction costs as long-term prepaid expenses and allocated within 20 years corresponding to the time of allocation of revenue. The allocation period starts from 01 July 2011 (see note 21).

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These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements
13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Machinery and equipments	Vehicle	Office equipments	Other fixed assets	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
COST					
As at 01/01/2026	55,422,186,028	628,390,000	497,085,888	266,266,904	56,813,928,820
Liquidation, disposal	(48,540,818,852)	-	(419,992,251)	(81,454,545)	(49,042,265,648)
As at 30/06/2026	6,881,367,176	628,390,000	77,093,637	184,812,359	7,771,663,172
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
As at 01/01/2026	53,740,266,070	6,400,269	497,085,888	266,266,904	54,510,019,131
Depreciation	80,000,952	52,365,834	-	-	132,366,786
Liquidation, disposal	(46,938,899,846)	-	(419,992,251)	(81,454,545)	(47,440,346,642)
As at 30/06/2026	6,881,367,176	58,766,103	77,093,637	184,812,359	7,202,039,275
NET BOOK VALUE					
As at 01/01/2026	1,681,919,958	621,989,731	-	-	2,303,909,689
As at 30/06/2026	-	569,623,897	-	-	569,623,897
<i>Cost of tangible fixed assets fully depreciated but still in use</i>	<i>6,881,367,176</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>77,093,637</i>	<i>184,812,359</i>	<i>7,143,273,172</i>

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Buildings and structures VND	Others VND	Total VND
COST			
As at 01/01/2026	43,757,475,370	3,045,320,774	46,802,796,144
As at 30/06/2026	43,757,475,370	3,045,320,774	46,802,796,144
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
As at 01/01/2026	15,556,070,778	3,045,320,774	18,601,391,552
Depreciation	960,983,424	-	960,983,424
As at 30/06/2026	16,517,054,202	3,045,320,774	19,562,374,976
NET BOOK VALUE			
As at 01/01/2026	28,201,404,592	-	28,201,404,592
As at 30/06/2026	27,240,421,168	-	27,240,421,168
Cost of investment property fully depreciated but still in use	-	3,045,320,774	3,045,320,774

15. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
Yen Mo Wood Processing Plant, Ninh Binh	12,028,218,927	12,028,218,927
Total	12,028,218,927	12,028,218,927

This represents the cost incurred for the acquisition of the Yen Mo Plywood Plant in Ninh Binh from PVV Industrial and Civil Construction Joint Stock Company (PVV IC). PVV IC entered into a 48-month long-term loan agreement with the Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (Agribank) to finance the project in the amount of VND 12,400 million. Up to the reporting date, the project has remained suspended and the total investment cost incurred for the Project amounted to VND 12,028,218,927. The advance payment to the seller, Yen Mo Agricultural Machinery Joint Stock Company, amounted to VND 4,658,459,180 in relation to the transfer; however, there has been no minutes of meeting between the two parties regarding the continuation of the project or the refund of this advance payment. Up to the reporting date, there has been no resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Board of Directors or the Management regarding the plan for the disposal of the investment in the Yen Mo Project or the assessment of any impairment loss arising from this investment.

16. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
The Communist Review	18,993,471,734	18,845,093,519
Minh Duc Concrete and Construction Company Limited	10,571,825,170	10,571,825,170
Others	106,590,341,315	107,143,754,060
Total	136,155,638,219	136,560,672,749

17. SHORT-TERM ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
PetroVietnam Construction JSC	52,416,856,602	52,416,856,602
Management Board of Northern Construction Projects	21,943,379,596	21,943,379,596
Others	6,680,243,294	8,100,029,570
Total	81,040,479,492	82,460,265,768

18. TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE BUDGET

	01/01/2026	Payable during the period	Paid during the period	30/06/2026
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Value added tax	389,036,727	-	-	389,036,727
Corporate income tax	5,753,471,093	-	3,007,849,969	2,745,621,124
Personal income tax	8,007,880	37,150,187	39,968,636	5,189,431
Land tax, land rental	-	486,201,630	-	486,201,630
Other taxes, fees and charges	29,134,573	-	-	29,134,573
Total	6,179,650,273	523,351,817	3,047,818,605	3,655,183,485

19. SHORT-TERM ACCURED EXPENSES

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Interest expense	296,006,920,971	295,178,435,631
Others	110,333,333	88,246,166
Total	296,117,254,304	295,266,681,797

20. OTHER PAYABLES

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Short-term	16,464,262,334	16,365,260,487
Union fees	519,218,984	485,820,784
Insurance expenses	4,178,333,368	4,178,333,368
Maintenance fees for CT2A, CT2B and PVV-Vinafarm apartments	4,423,447,254	4,423,447,254
Deposits received	81,534,249	-
Others	7,261,728,479	7,277,659,081
Long-term	644,220,000	668,220,000
Deposits received	644,220,000	668,220,000
Total	17,108,482,334	17,033,480,487

21. LONG-TERM UNREALIZED INCOME

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
Office for lease at Communist Review building (1)	26,172,890,635	28,626,599,130
Office for lease at Vinaconex 9 building (2)	6,020,779,239	6,119,480,536
Total	32,193,669,874	34,746,079,666

These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements

- (1) Proceeds from office rental on the Communist Review building according to contract No. 03/PVFC-PVC VINACONEX dated 10 December 2010. Revenue is recognized each period corresponding to remaining lease term of 20 years from 01 July 2010 (Detail in Note 12)
- (2) Proceeds from office rental on the 12th floor of Vinaconex 9 building according to contract No. 03/2013 dated 18 March 2013. Revenue is recognized each period corresponding to remaining lease term of 43 years from 18 March 2013.

22. SHORT-TERM LOANS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER FINANCE LEASES

	01/01/2026 VND	Increases during the period VND	Decreases during the period VND	30/06/2026 VND
Short-term loans				
Mr. Nguyen Bao Trung (*)	69,363,237,819	-	-	69,363,237,819
Century Investment Corporation	3,540,000,000	-	1,370,000,000	2,170,000,000
Saigon Transportation BOT Co., Ltd	3,200,000,000	-	-	3,200,000,000
ALS Securities JSC	202,916,239	49,582,910	35,095,030	217,404,119
Individual loan	5,240,190,000	-	1,790,000,000	3,450,190,000
Current portion of long-term borrowings				
Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development	11,046,471,188	-	-	11,046,471,188
Total	92,592,815,246	49,582,910	3,195,095,030	89,447,303,126

(*) This represents a loan obtained from Vietnam International Commercial Joint Stock Bank (VIB) - Head Office under Credit Agreement No. 2782/HĐTD2-VIB08/11 dated 15 August 2011 and its related appendices, during 2025, the loan was assigned to Mr. Nguyen Bao Trung pursuant to a debt sale agreement entered into between Mr. Nguyen Bao Trung and the Bank. In addition, Mr. Nguyen Bao Trung and the Company agreed that no further interest would accrue on this loan.

Unpaid overdue debts were as 30/06/2026:

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Principal VND	Interest VND	Principal VND	Interest VND
Mr. Nguyen Bao Trung	69,363,237,819	203,480,200,626	69,363,237,819	203,480,200,626
Vietnam Public Commercial Joint Stock Bank	-	70,101,210,472	-	70,101,210,472
Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development	11,046,471,188	22,425,509,873	11,046,471,188	21,597,024,533
Century Investment Corporation	2,170,000,000	-	3,540,000,000	-
Saigon Transportation BOT Co., Ltd	3,200,000,000	-	3,200,000,000	-
Individual loan	3,450,190,000	-	5,240,190,000	-
Cộng	89,229,899,007	296,006,920,971	92,389,899,007	295,178,435,631

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23. OWNER'S EQUITY
Movements in owners' equity

	Owners' equity	Share premium	Investment and	Other owner's	Retained earnings	Non-controlling	Total
	VND	VND	development fund	funds	VND	interests	VND
As at 01/01/2025	300,000,000,000	15,069,800,000	1,123,204,630	4,527,319,614	(453,750,318,757)	2,852,672,201	(130,177,322,312)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	102,305,051,707	(2,890,679,440)	99,414,372,267
As at 01/01/2026	300,000,000,000	15,069,800,000	1,123,204,630	4,527,319,614	(351,445,267,050)	(38,007,239)	(30,762,950,045)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(947,393,031)	(187,900,475)	(1,135,293,506)
As at 30/06/2026	300,000,000,000	15,069,800,000	1,123,204,630	4,527,319,614	(352,392,660,081)	(225,907,714)	(31,898,243,551)

According to the regulations on the conditions for a public company at Point a, Clause 1, Article 32 of the Law on Securities No. 54/2019/QH14 dated 26 November 2019, as amended and supplemented in Clause 11, Article 1 of Law No. 56/2024/QH15 dated 29 November 2024, as follows: "A public company is a joint-stock company falling under one of the following two cases: a) The company has a charter capital of 30 billion VND or more, has equity of 30 billion VND or more, and at least 10% of the voting shares are held by at least 100 investors who are not major shareholders." Based on the above regulations, the Company does not yet meet the conditions to be a public company because its equity is less than 30 billion VND. Currently, the Company is carrying out procedures to submit to the State Securities Commission regarding this matter in accordance with the provisions of the Law on Securities.

Owner details are as follow:

	30/06/2026		01/01/2026	
	Contributed capital	Rate	Contributed capital	Rate
	VND	%	VND	%
Vietnam Modern Bank Limited	50,000,000,000	16.67%	50,000,000,000	16.67%
Ms. Nguyen Bich Hang	42,160,000,000	14.05%	42,160,000,000	14.05%
Mr. Nguyen Viet Hung	29,672,000,000	9.89%	29,672,000,000	9.89%
Others	178,168,000,000	59.39%	178,168,000,000	59.39%
Total	300,000,000,000	100%	300,000,000,000	100%

Capital transactions with owners

	<u>Current period</u> VND	<u>Prior period</u> VND
Owner's invested capital		
- Opening balance	300,000,000,000	300,000,000,000
- Increase during the period	-	-
- Decrease during the period	-	-
- Closing balance	300,000,000,000	300,000,000,000
Dividends and profits distributed	-	-

Shares

	<u>30/06/2026</u>	<u>01/01/2026</u>
Number of issuable shares	30,000,000	30,000,000
Number of shares issued to the public	30,000,000	30,000,000
- Common shares	30,000,000	30,000,000
Number of repurchased shares	-	-
Number of outstanding shares	30,000,000	30,000,000
- Common shares	30,000,000	30,000,000
<i>Par value of outstanding shares (VND/share)</i>	10,000	10,000

24. REVENUE FROM GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

	<u>Current period</u> VND	<u>Prior period</u> VND
Sales of construction contracts	4,861,690,089	3,776,676,824
Sales of services rendered	4,554,953,055	4,538,816,483
Total	9,416,643,144	8,315,493,307

25. COST OF SALES

	<u>Current period</u> VND	<u>Prior period</u> VND
Cost of construction contracts	4,488,446,966	4,178,649,783
Cost of services rendered	2,943,340,317	2,943,340,317
Total	7,431,787,283	7,121,990,100

26. FINANCIAL INCOME

	<u>Current period</u> VND	<u>Prior period</u> VND
Bank and loan interest	318,100,292	13,673,760
Gain on disposal of trading securities	3,697,780	-
Foreign exchange gains	42,937,392	-
Total	364,735,464	13,673,760

27. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	VND	VND
Interest expense	1,230,202,696	13,212,710,421
Provision for the devaluation of trading securities	78,961,304	(24,539,104)
Foreign exchange loss	-	342,741,993
Loss on disposal of trading securities	531,452	
Others	336,007	130,326
Total	1,310,031,459	13,531,043,636

28. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	VND	VND
Staff cost	1,645,975,000	1,354,722,051
Raw materials	52,365,834	-
Tax, fee and charges	513,121,777	495,339,224
Outsourced service expenses	709,483,915	649,221,182
Other expenses	7,500,000	869,000
Total	2,928,446,526	2,500,151,457

29. OTHER INCOME

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	VND	VND
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	954,889,512	-
Total	954,889,512	-

30. OTHER EXPENSE

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	VND	VND
Compensation for damages	-	58,169,863,000
Penalty	-	1,298,683,096
Work in progress relating to projects for which revenue has been fully recognized	-	6,562,991,157
Others	180,000,952	511,280,084
Total	180,000,952	66,542,817,337

31. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	<u>Current period</u>	<u>Prior period</u>
	VND	VND
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(947,393,031)	(80,858,735,030)
Profit used for the calculation of basic earnings per share	(947,393,031)	(80,858,735,030)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period	30,000,000	30,000,000
Earnings per share	(32)	(2,695)

32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Apart from the members of the Board of Directors and the Management, the Company does not have any other related parties.

Remuneration of the Board of Director and the Management:

Name	Position	Current period	Prior period
		VND	VND
Mr. Phan Dinh Phong	Chairman	161,549,500	153,160,248
Mr. Vu Thanh Kien	Member independent	-	-
Ms. Le Cam Tu	Member	-	-
Ms. Nguyen Thi Bich Hang	Member	-	-
Mr. Nguyen Viet Hung	Member	-	-
Mr. Nguyen Tien Dung	General Director	180,353,750	150,986,794
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kim Hanh	Deputy General Director	143,628,049	123,129,593
Total		485,531,299	427,276,635

33. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT**Geographical segment reporting**

The Company operates solely within the territory of Vietnam. Accordingly, the Company does not prepare and present geographical segment information.

Business segment reporting

The business activities of the Company and its subsidiary are organized and managed based on the nature of the products and services provided by the Company. Accordingly, the Company has the following business segments: construction activities and rental services.

Information on revenue and expenses, assets and liabilities by business segment is presented as follows:

Item	Construction and project owner activities	Service rendered	Total
	VND	VND	VND
For the period from 1 January 2026 to 30 June 2026			
Segment revenue	4,861,690,089	4,554,953,055	9,416,643,144
Cost of sales	4,488,446,966	2,943,340,317	7,431,787,283
Segment results	373,243,123	1,611,612,738	1,984,855,861
Unallocated income and expenses			(3,106,766,746)
Profit/(Loss) before tax			(1,121,910,885)
As at 30/06/2026			
Segment assets	410,328,543,634	64,351,766,184	474,680,309,818
Unallocated assets			164,774,676,029
Total assets			639,454,985,847
Segment liabilities	583,396,528,563	51,581,380,224	634,977,908,787
Unallocated liabilities			36,375,320,611
Total liabilities			671,353,229,398

Item	Construction and project owner activities VND	Service rendering VND	Total VND
For the period from 1 January 2025 to 30 June 2025			
Segment revenue	3,776,676,824	4,538,816,483	8,315,493,307
Cost of sales	4,178,649,783	2,943,340,317	7,121,990,100
Segment results	(401,972,959)	1,595,476,166	1,193,503,207
Unallocated income and expenses			(82,560,338,670)
Profit/(Loss) before tax			(81,366,835,463)
As at 31/12/2025			
Segment assets	413,256,625,540	73,536,625,650	486,793,251,190
Unallocated assets			162,785,866,707
Total assets			649,579,117,897
Segment liabilities	587,744,179,636	53,724,421,239	641,468,600,875
Unallocated liabilities			38,873,467,067
Total liabilities			680,342,067,942

34. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Management affirms that, in its assessment, in all material respects, no significant event occurring after the balance sheet date, which would require adjustments to, or disclosures to be made in the interim consolidated financial statements from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026.

35. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures in the interim consolidated statement of financial position are the figures on consolidated balance sheet in the audited financial statement for the year ended 31 December 2025. The comparative figures on the interim consolidated income statement and the interim consolidated cash flow statement are the figures on the reviewed interim consolidated financial statement for the period from 01 January 2026 to 30 June 2026.

Certain line items in the Interim statement of financial position as at 1 January 2026 have been re-classification to conform with the presentation adopted for the current period in accordance with the guidance in Circular No. 43/2026/TT-BTC dated 20 April 2026 issued by the Ministry of Finance. Details are as follows:

Items	Codes	01/01/2026 Restated	31/12/2025	Difference
Cash equivalents	112	1,009,369,863	1,000,000,000	9,369,863
Short-term held-to-maturity investments	123	111,766,188,021	91,627,276,257	20,138,911,764
Other short-term receivables	135	31,590,578,427	51,738,860,054	(20,148,281,627)
Dividends and profit payable	313	4,742,151,000	-	4,742,151,000
Other short-term payables	320	16,365,260,487	21,107,411,487	(4,742,151,000)

Approved, 18 August 2026

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director



Pham Thanh Thuy



Le Thi Thu Huong



Nguyen Tien Dung